
Open-shell Random Phase Approximation : Application to Atomisation Energies and Energy Barrier Heights

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Résumé

The Random Phase Approximation (RPA) can be derived in different variants (depending on how the exchange interactions are handled) and in different formulations (depending on how the integrations involved in the equations are carried out)[1]. The past explorations of the performances of these versions of RPA to calculate ground-state correlation energies of closed-shell electronic systems, in particular systems where long-range electron-electron interaction play an important role and in the context on range-separation[2-5], have provided a first understanding of the quality and drawbacks of these different RPAs. Open-shell RPA has been developed and implemented for most of the variants/formulations mentioned above. We present here tests of the use of unrestricted RPA to calculate atomisation energies and energy barrier heights. This exploration of a new range of applications gives additional insights into the performance of the different RPA versions.

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